

RSE

Year group: 5

Term: Autumn

Families and friendships

Managing friendships and peer influence

Prior knowledge

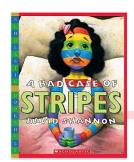
- about the features of positive healthy friendships such as mutual respect, trust and sharing interests
- strategies to build positive friendships
- how to seek support with relationships if they feel lonely or excluded
- how to communicate respectfully with friends when using digital devices
- how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face to face and that there are risks in communicating with someone they don't know
- what to do or whom to tell if they are worried about any contact online

National Curriculum Objectives

By the end of primary school:

Pupils should know

- the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.
- that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.
- that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.
- how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed.



Topic overview

Enjoy learning about the true value of families and friendships!

By the end of this unit, I will be able to:

- what makes a healthy friendship and how they make people feel included
- strategies to help someone feel included
- about peer influence and how it can make people feel or behave
- the impact of the need for peer approval in different situations, including online
- strategies to manage peer influence and the need for peer approval e.g. exit strategies, assertive communication
- that it is common for friendships to experience challenges
- strategies to positively resolve disputes and reconcile differences in friendships
- that friendships can change over time and the benefits of having new and different types of friends
- how to recognise if a friendship is making them feel unsafe, worried, or uncomfortable
- when and how to seek support in relation to friendships



Key vocabulary

Healthy, relationship, influence, support, peer, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender permission, contact, uncomfortable, unacceptable, worried, concerned treated, equally, discrimination, report, safety